After Concussion, Return to Normality (ACoRN)



Expected signs of concussion

- Headache
- Fatigue
- Feeling sick
- Poor concentration
- Poor balance/coordination
- Sensitvity to light or noise

Please give regular pain relief for the next 24 hours and consider giving for up to 1 week. (For doses, follow guidance on medicine packaging).

The traffic light system below gives a step-by-step guide on how to manage the expected signs of concussion detailed below.

- You can move forward to the next stage when you have been symptom-free for 24 hours.
- If symptoms re-appear, then please move back to the previous stage to help relieve symptoms.
- If symptoms become worse at any point, then please contact either your GP, NHS24 (2 111) or, if urgent care required, call 2 999.
- If you still have symptoms after 28 days, please see your own GP.



For return to sport, there should be no return to competitions before 21 days from injury AND symptom free. You can access this guidance from **"If in doubt, sit them out"** (Or scan the QR code).



STOP and rest both body and mind for 24 hours

OK to try

Not yet

computer games, mobile

• No screen time (TV,

phones, tablets etc)

• No sports/physical play

- Board games
- Short telephone conversations
- Light crafts

No school

No reading

REST, but preparing to move

OK to try

- Light reading
- Limited TV
- Short visits from friends
- 30 mins of school work
- Short walks/light exercise

Not yet

- No school yet
- Avoid computers and computer games
- No intense exercise, challenging walks or sport.

If no concussion signs for 24 hours, then please move to the green stage.



RETURNING to normal learning activities

OK to try

- Phased return to school (perhaps half days or 3-5 days attendance as tolerated
- Phased return to home-work: beginning at 30 mins and increasing

Not yet

- No return to sport training until at least 14 days
- No return to sport competitions before 21 days from injury AND symptom free.
- No tests/exams until full phased transition back to education

Focus should be on returning to normal daily activities (like school) before unrestricted sporting activities

After 24 hours, you can move to the next stage.

MI • 312409 v2.1 Review date: July 2026

Discuss with your child and agree when phased return to normality is completed. If this is taking more than 28 days, please arrange to see your own GP.

Emergency Department, Royal Hospital for Children

1345 Govan Road, G51 4TF

Greater Glasgow and Clyde

Telephone: Majors Department: 7 0141 452 4055

Information for parents and guardians after a Head Injury

Following a head injury an adult should supervise your child for the next 24 hours. They should also receive regular pain relief (for example, Paracetamol). If you are concerned that they are developing a problem, please telephone this Emergency Department and, if necessary, bring them back to hospital.

The signs that you should look out for are:

- If your child becomes unusually sleepy or is hard to wake up
- Headache all the time, which painkillers don't help.
- Repeated vomiting
- Weakness of arms or legs, e.g. unable to hold things
- Difficulty in seeing, walking, or acts clumsy and uncoordinated.
- Confusion (not knowing where they are, getting things muddled up).
- Fluid or blood coming from ear or nose.
- Seizures
- Any other abnormal behaviour.

Allow your child to sleep as normal. We would encourage you to check on them a couple of times overnight to check:

- Do they appear to be breathing normally?
- Are they sleeping in a normal posture?
- Do they make the expected response when you rouse them gently?
 (E.g. pulling up sheets, cuddling teddy-bear)
- If you cannot satisfy yourself that your child is sleeping normally, then waken them fully to check.

If you have any concerns about any of the above please contact the Emergency Department.

The vast majority of children who receive this advice leaflet will not develop signs of concussion. However, if signs of concussion are apparent after the first 24 hours, please use the guidance overleaf.

For further advice, information and support around Childhood Acquired Brain Injury, please also contact the Child Brain Injury Trust online at childbraininjurytrust.org.uk or via email: info@cbituk.org